AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 22, 2008 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 8, 2008 AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 13, 2008

SENATE BILL

No. 1420

Introduced by Senators Padilla and Migden (Principal coauthors: Assembly Members DeSaulnier and Leno) (Coauthors: Senators Alquist, Cedillo, and Romero)

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Coto and Solorio)

February 21, 2008

An act to add Section 114094 to the Health and Safety Code, relating to food facilities.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1420, as amended, Padilla. Food facilities: nutritional information. The California Retail Food Code provides for the regulation of health and sanitation standards for retail food facilities by the State Department of Public Health. Under existing law, local health agencies are primarily responsible for enforcing this code. A violation of any of these provisions is punishable as a misdemeanor.

This bill would require, commencing July 1, 2009, to December 31, 2010, inclusive, each food facility—in the state that meets specified eriteria, as defined, to—provide either disclose nutritional information that includes, per standard menu item, the total number of calories, grams of carbohydrates, grams of saturated fat, grams of trans fat, and milligrams of sodium, as defined, or calorie count information, as defined. It would also require the menu boards to include the total number of calories for each listed item.

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The bill would require, on and after January 1, 2011, each food facility in the state that meets specified criteria to disclose calorie content information per standard menu item, as specified.

The bill would provide that, on and after July 1, 2009, a food facility that violates the provisions of the bill is guilty of an infraction, and would specifically provide that a violation of these provisions is not a misdemeanor. By creating an infraction and adding a new local enforcement duty, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The bill would declare that its provisions, as well as other state laws that regulate the disclosure of nutritional information, is a matter of statewide concern and would prohibit an ordinance or regulation of a local government from regulating the disclosure of nutritional information by a subject food facility.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that with regard to certain mandates no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

With regard to any other mandates, this bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs so mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. The Legislature hereby finds and declares all of 2 the following:
- 3 (a) Over the past two decades, there has been a significant 4 increase in the number of meals prepared or eaten outside the 5 home, with an estimated one-third of calories being consumed in, 6 and almost one-half of total food dollars being spent on, food
 - purchased from or eaten at restaurants and other food facilities.

 (b) Increased caloric intake is a key factor contributing to the alarming increase in obesity in the United States. According to the
- 10 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, two-thirds of
- 11 American adults are overweight or obese, and the rates of obesity
- 12 have tripled in children and teens since 1980.

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(c) Obesity increases the risk of diabetes, heart disease, stroke, some cancers, and other health problems.

- (d) Broader availability of nutrition information regarding foods served at restaurants and other food service establishments would allow customers to make more informed decisions about the food they purchase.
- (e) Three-quarters of American adults report using food labels on packaged foods, which are required by the federal Nutrition Labeling and Education Act of 1990.
- (f) Availability of nutrition information regarding restaurant food assists consumers who are monitoring their diets or dealing with chronic diseases, such as cardiovascular disease and diabetes.
- (g) Consumers should be provided with point of purchase access to nutritional information when eating out in order to make informed decisions involving their health and diet.
- (h) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide consumers with better access to nutritional information about prepared foods sold at food facilities so that consumers can understand the nutritional value of available foods.
- SEC. 2. Section 114094 is added to the Health and Safety Code, to read:
- 114094. (a) Each food facility in this state that operates under common ownership or control with at least 14 other food facilities with the same name in the state that offer for sale substantially the same menu items, or operates as a franchised outlet of a parent company with at least 14 other franchised outlets with the same name in the state that offer for sale substantially the same menu items, shall make nutritional information available to consumers for all standard menu items. This information shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following, per standard menu item, as usually prepared and offered for sale:
- (1) Total number of calories.

- (2) Total number of grams of saturated fat.
- (3) Total number of grams of trans fat.
- (4) Total number of grams of carbohydrates.
 - (5) Total number of milligrams of sodium.
- (b) The nutrition information required in subdivision (a) shall be provided next to each item on the menu in a size and typeface that is clear and conspicuous. A page of the menu shall include,
- 40 in a clear and conspicuous manner, the following statement:

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1 "Recommended limits for a 2,000 calorie daily diet are 20 grams
2 of saturated fat and 2,300 milligrams of sodium." If the food
3 facility also uses a menu board, the food facility may limit the
4 nutritional information listed on the menu board to the total number
5 of calories per item in a size and typeface that is clear and
6 conspicuous.

- (c) Each food facility described in subdivision (a) that uses only a menu board shall provide on the menu board the total number of calories per item in a size and typeface that is clear and conspicuous. This type of food facility shall, upon request, make the other nutritional information described in subdivision (a) available to consumers in writing at the point of sale.
- (d) Menus and menu boards may include a disclaimer that indicates that there may be minimal variations in nutritional content across servings, based on slight variations in overall size and quantities of ingredients, and based on special ordering.
- (e) The nutritional information required by this section shall be determined on a reasonable basis. For purposes of this section, "reasonable basis" means any reasonable means of determining nutrition information for a standard menu item, as recognized by the federal Food and Drug Administration, including, but not limited to, nutrient databases and laboratory analyses. A reasonable basis determination of nutrition information shall be required only once per standard menu item, provided that portion size is reasonably consistent and the food facility subject to this section follows a standardized recipe and trains to a consistent method of preparation.
- (f) Notwithstanding Section 113789, for purposes of this section, food facility does not include any of the following:
 - (1) Certified farmers' markets.
 - (2) Commissaries.
- (3) Grocery stores, except for separately owned food facilities to which this section otherwise applies that are located in the grocery store. For purposes of this paragraph, "grocery store" means a store primarily engaged in the retail sale of canned food, dry goods, fresh fruits and vegetables, and fresh meats, fish, and poultry. "Grocery store" includes convenience stores.
- 38 (4) Licensed health care facilities.
- 39 (5) Mobile support units.
- 40 (6) Public and private school cafeterias.

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- (7) Restricted food service facilities.
- 2 (8) Temporary food facilities.
 - (9) Vending machines.

- (g) For purposes of this section, a standard menu item does not include food items that are on the menu for less than six months, condiments, other items placed on the table or counter for general use without charge, alcoholic beverages, or packaged foods otherwise subject to the nutrition labeling requirements of the federal Nutrition Labeling and Education Act of 1990.
- 114094. (a) For purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply:
- (1) "Food facility" means a food facility in the state that operates under common ownership or control with at least 19 other food facilities with the same name in the state that offer for sale substantially the same menu items, or operates as a franchised outlet of a parent company with at least 19 other franchised outlets with the same name in the state that offer for sale substantially the same menu items, except that a "food facility" does not include the following:
 - (A) Certified farmer's markets.
- (B) Commissaries.
- (C) Grocery stores, except for separately owned food facilities to which this section otherwise applies that are located in the grocery store. For purposes of this paragraph, "grocery store" means a store primarily engaged in the retail sale of canned food, dry goods, fresh fruits and vegetables, and fresh meats, fish, and poultry. "Grocery store" includes convenience stores.
 - (D) Licensed health care facilities.
- 29 (E) Mobile support units.
 - (F) Public and private school cafeterias.
- *(G) Restricted food service facilities.*
 - (H) Retail stores in which a majority of sales are from a pharmacy, as defined in Section 4037 of the Business and Professions Code.
 - (I) Vending machines.
 - (2) "Calorie content information" means the total number of calories per standard menu item, as that item is usually prepared and offered for sale.

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(3) "Drive-through" means an area where a customer may provide an order for and receive standard menu items while occupying a motor vehicle.

- (4) "Menu board" means a posted list or pictorial display of food or beverage items offered for sale by a food facility.
- (5) "Nutritional information" includes, but is not limited to, all 6 of the following, per standard menu item, as that item is usually prepared and offered for sale:
 - (A) Total number of calories.
 - (B) Total number of grams of carbohydrates.
 - (C) Total number of grams of saturated fat.
- (D) Total number of milligrams of sodium. 12
 - (6) "Point of sale" means the location where a customer makes an order.
 - (7) "Standard menu item" means a food or beverage item offered for sale by a food facility through a menu, menu board, or display tag at least 180 days per calendar year, except that "standard menu item does not include any of the following:
 - (A) A food item that is customized on a case-by-case basis in response to an unsolicited customer request.
 - (B) An alcoholic beverage, the labeling of which is not regulated by the federal Food and Drug Administration.
 - (C) A packaged food otherwise subject to the nutrition labeling requirements of the federal Nutrition Labeling and Education Act of 1990.
 - (D) A food Hem when served at a consumer self-service salad bar.
 - (E) A food or beverage Hem when served at a consumer self-service buffet.
 - (8) "Reasonable basis" means any reasonable means recognized by the federal Food and Drug Administration of determining nutritional information, as well as calorie content information, for a standard menu item, as usually prepared and offered for sale, including, but not limited to, nutrient databases and laboratory analyses.
 - (9) "Appetizer" means a food item that in generally served prior to a food item that is generally regarded as the primary food item in a meal. An "appetizer" includes a first course, starter, or small plate.

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(10) "Dessert" means a food item that in generally served after a food item that is generally regarded as the primary food item in a meal. "Dessert" includes, but is not limited to, cakes, pastries, pies, ice cream and food items that contain ice cream, confections, and other sweets.

- (b) (1) Commencing July 1, 2009, to December 31, 2010, inclusive, every food facility shall either disclose nutritional information as required by paragraph (2), or comply with subdivision (c) during this period of time.
- (2) (A) In order to comply with paragraph (1), a food facility that does not provide sit-down service shall disclose the information in a clear and conspicuous manner on a brochure that is made available at the point of sale prior to or during the placement of an order. A food facility that provides sit-down service shall provide the nutritional information in a clear and conspicuous size and typeface on at least one of the following:
 - (i) A brochure available on the table.
 - (ii) A menu next to each standard menu item.
- (iii) A menu, under an index section that is separate from the listing of standard menu items.
 - (iv) A menu insert.

- (v) A table tent on the table.
- (B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), a food facility that has a drive-through area and uses a menu board to display or list standard menu items at the point of sale shall, for purposes of the drive-through area only, disclose the nutritional information in a clear and conspicuous manner on a brochure that is available upon request, and shall conspicuously display a notice at the point of sale that reads: "NUTRITION INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST" or other similar statement that indicates the disclosure of nutrition information is available upon request.
- (c) (1) On and after January 1, 2011, every food facility that provides a menu shall disclose calorie content information for a standard menu item next to the item on the menu in a size and typeface that is clear and conspicuous.
- (2) On and after January 1, 2011, every food facility that uses an indoor menu board shall disclose calorie content information for a standard menu item next to the item on the menu board in a size and typeface that is clear and conspicuous.

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(3) On and after January 1, 2011, every food facility that uses a display tag as an alternative to a menu or menu board to describe a standard menu item that is displayed for sale in a display case within the food facility shall disclose calorie content information for that standard menu item on the display tag for that item in a size and typeface that is clear and conspicuous.

- (4) On and after January 1, 2011, every food facility that has a drive-through area and uses a menu board to display or list standard menu items at the point of sale shall, for purposes of the drive-through area only, disclose the nutritional information for each standard menu item in a clear and conspicuous manner on a brochure that is available upon request, and shall clearly and conspicuously display a notice at the point of sale that reads: "NUTRITION INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST" or other similar statement that indicates the disclosure of nutrition information upon request. If a food facility subject to this paragraph discloses nutritional information in the manner described in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), the food facility shall be deemed to be in compliance with this paragraph.
- (d) For purposes of subdivision (c), the disclosure of calorie content information on a menu or menu board next to a standard menu item that is a combination of at least two standard menu items on the menu or menu board, shall, based upon all possible combinations for that standard menu item, include both the minimum amount of calories for the calorie count information and the maximum amount of calories for the calorie count information. If there is only one possible total amount of calories, then this total shall be disclosed.
- (e) For purposes of subdivision (c), the disclosure of calorie content information on a menu or menu board next to a standard menu item that is not an appetizer or dessert, but is intended to serve more than one individual, shall include both of the following:
- (1) The number of individuals intended to be served by the standard menu item.
- (2) The calorie content information per individual serving. If the standard menu item is a combination of at least two standard menu items, this disclosure shall, based upon all possible combinations for that standard menu item, include both the minimum amount of calories for the calorie count information and

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the maximum amount of calories. If there is only one possible total amount of calories, then this total shall be disclosed.

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- (f) The nutritional information and calorie content information required by this section shall be determined on a reasonable basis. A reasonable basis determination of nutritional information and calorie content information shall be required only once per standard menu item, provided that portion size is reasonably consistent and the food facility follows a standardized recipe and trains to a consistent method of preparation.
- (g) (1) Every brochure provided pursuant to this section shall include the statement: "Recommended limits for a 2,000 calorie daily diet are 20 grams of saturated fat and 2,300 milligrams of sodium."
- (2) Menus and menu boards may include a disclaimer that indicates that there may be variations in nutritional content across servings, based on variations in overall size and quantities of ingredients, and based on special ordering.
- (h) This section shall not be construed to create or enhance any claim, right of action, or civil liability that did not previously exist under state law or limit any claim, right of action, or civil liability that otherwise exists under state law. The only enforcement mechanism of the section is the local enforcement agency.
- (i) This section shall not be construed to preclude any food facility from voluntarily providing nutritional information in addition to the requirements of this section.
- (j) To the extent consistent with federal law, this section, as well as any other state law that regulates the disclosure of nutritional information, is a matter of statewide concern and occupies the whole field of regulation regarding the disclosure of nutritional information by a food facility. No ordinance or regulation of a local government shall regulate the dissemination of nutritional information by a food facility. Any ordinance or regulation that violates this prohibition is void and shall have no force or effect.
- (k) Commencing July 1, 2009, a food facility that violates this section is guilty of an infraction, punishable by a fine of not less than fifty dollars (\$50) or more than five hundred dollars (\$500), which may be assessed by a local enforcement agency. However, a food facility may not be found to violate this section more than

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once during an inspection visit. Notwithstanding Section 114395,
a violation of this section is not a misdemeanor.

(i)

- (1) If any provision of this section, or the application thereof, is for any reason held invalid, ineffective, or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this section, shall not be affected thereby, and to this end, the provisions of this section are severable.
- SEC. 3. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution for certain costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district because, in that regard, this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.
- 17 Constitution.
 18 However, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that
 19 this act contains other costs mandated by the state, reimbursement
 20 to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made
 21 pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division
 22 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.